

slender, blue, 0.5 to 1 cm. long: seeds strongly papillose. — Fl. ii. 11; Hook. Exot. Fl. ii. t. 106, & Fl. Bor.-Am. ii. 115; Gray, Syn. Fl. ii. 380 (in part) including var. *mollis*. *S. campestris*, Britton, Mem. Torr. Club, v. 283, & in Britton & Brown, Ill. Fl. iii. 82, fig. 3084. — QUEBEC, without locality (*Mrs. Shepard, Macrae*): VERMONT, North Ferrisburg, June, 1881 (*E. & C. E. Faxon*); dry barren soil, Burlington, July, 1894 (*L. R. Jones & W. W. Eggleston*), June, 1896 (*A. J. Grout*): NEW YORK, Dexter (*Alphonso Wood*): OHIO, limestone soil, Ottawa Co., June, 1895 (*E. L. Moseley*): MICHIGAN, without locality (*Houghton*); Iona, 1877 (*E. F. Smith*): ILLINOIS, Fulton Co. (*J. Wolf*); sandy banks of the Mississippi, Oquawka, June, 1873 (*H. N. Patterson*): TENNESSEE, open woods, Henderson, May, 1893 (*S. M. Bain*, no. 38): MISSOURI, St. Louis, April, 1844 (*G. Engelmann*); Montier, May, 1894 (*B. F. Bush*, no. 316): TEXAS (*Wright, &c.*). Passing to

Var. *ambigua*. Stem and leaves sparingly appressed-puberulent or glabrate: leaves often more oblong and entire, but sometimes ovate and toothed. — *S. ambigua*, Nutt. Gen. ii. 37. *S. parvula*, authors, in part; Britton l. c. 81, fig. 3083; not Michx. — MAINE, gravelly bank, Dover, Sept. 1896 (*M. L. Fernald*, no. 466); exsiccated clay soil, North Berwick, July, 1895 (*J. C. Parlin*, no. 305): CONNECTICUT, East Haven, 1855 (*Geo. Thurber*): PENNSYLVANIA, woods, Schuylkill River (Herb. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila.): OHIO, dry and open forests — *type* (*Thos. Nuttall*, Herb. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila.): KENTUCKY, Lexington, 1835 (*C. W. Short*): ILLINOIS, without station, 1845 (*S. B. Mead*); near Oquawka, Aug. 1873 (*H. N. Patterson*): WISCONSIN, Milwaukee (*I. A. Lapham*); Madison (*T. J. Hale*): IOWA, Ames, June 1897 (*R. Combs & C. R. Ball*): MISSOURI, Independence, May, 1894 (*B. F. Bush*, no. 825): KANSAS, prairie, Riley Co., May, 1895 (*J. B. Norton*, no. 411): LOUISIANA (*Hale*): TEXAS, (*E. Hall*, no. 453).

GRAY HERBARIUM.

LYSIMACHIA PUNCTATA IN EASTERN MASSACHUSETTS.—*Lysimachia punctata*, L., which although not mentioned in the 6th edition of Gray's Manual, is illustrated in Britton and Brown's Flora, has been found growing in a wild state at Brockton Heights near the Easton line. It was first discovered here in the summer of 1900. This is one of the rarest of the genus, the only other station known for this species near here being at Whitman, Massachusetts. The few plants found near Easton are unfortunately in danger of extermination by enthusiastic plant hunters of this vicinity.—ARTHUR CLARK, North Easton, Massachusetts.